



One HARVEST

Food Safety Culture

Dr Sharon Jones (General Manager Technical)



What Drives Us



Our Purpose

WE help
PEOPLE
LIVE BETTER
LIVES



Our Values



Our Customers



Production Facilities and Capabilities



DELIVERING FRESH SALADS TO AUSTRALIANS FOR OVER 35 YEARS

4
PRODUCTION
FACILITIES

Plus

NATIONAL
NETWORK

Our
SITES

BRISBANE
SYDNEY
BAIRNSDALE
PERTH
FARMS

BRC AA
ACCREDITED

360
TRUCKS

DELIVERING
RAW MATERIAL
& SALAD BAGS
LOCALLY &
INTERSTATE



Every **DAY**
ONE HARVEST PACK
560,000
BAGS of SALAD

120 SKUs

60,000
BOWLS

Every **WEEK**
WE DELIVER
600 TONNES
OF PRODUCE

EMPLOYS
Over
1000
PEOPLE



Our Growers & Their Standards



SPIDER AND INSECT PROTOCOL

WHY MONITOR INSECTS?

- Prevent damage to crops
- Monitor presence
- Assess risk of material coming into site before it becomes a complaint
- Use pesticides only when necessary

BUILDINGS/STORAGE/CRATES AND FARM EQUIPMENT

- These areas need cleaning and being monitored in accordance with food safety guidelines to prevent pest infestation
- Splice walls on equipment and buildings indicate a problem
- Ratways and nests
- Film of cobwebs, webs, eggs and larvae encourage insect entry
- Leave a clear barrier between crop and buildings
- Keep lights off as this attracts flying insects

PROCEDURE FOR MONITORING INVERTEBRATE PESTS

INSECT ASSESSMENTS IN A CROP INCLUDE:

- USE A SWEEP NET**
- SHAKE**
- INSECT TRAP**

THE PARTS OF A METHOD CHOSEN WILL BE INFLUENCED BY:

- COCKROACHES**
 - Keep food bins covered
 - Close doors and doors behind you
 - Use the top of external pest prevention
 - Check for cockroach activity
- RESIDUAL SPIDERS**
 - Check under external pest prevention
 - Check for spider activity
 - Check for spider activity
 - Check for spider activity
- OUTDOOR BUILDINGS**
 - Check for spider activity
 - Check for spider activity
 - Check for spider activity

RISK MANAGEMENT PROTOCOL FOR FROG/TOAD MONITORING

Please Remember! - Australian Law gives protected status to all Australian Fauna under National Environmental Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999.

Where a recognized risk exists, there is some evidence to support the use of 'frog deterrents'.

CHECK
OBSERVE
LISTEN
INVESTIGATE
IDENTIFY

CONTROL OF THE ENVIRONMENT

- Remove overhanging items to the crop
- Reflexing insects in the crop reduce the frog food source
- In the days after morning hours, ensure movement from source area into crop
- Barriers such as netting, solid fabric and dry sand barriers deter frog movement

MONITORING

- Walk the farm at night to locate sources of frogs
- To identify the species of frog, maintain presence
- Document the life cycle and habitat
- Risk assess and treat
- In the days after morning hours, ensure movement from source area into crop
- If you see a frog, inform OneHarvest
- It will assist with protocol at a farm visit

REPORTING

If sighted on 2 or more consecutive days, harvest procedures must be modified to:

- REDUCE SPEED**
- ADDITION OF SPOTTERS**
- PRE-SORT RAW MATERIAL PRIOR TO DESPATCH**
- TRAINING**

IF A FROG OR TOAD IS FOUND IN A DELIVERY

- Immediate why
- Protocol assessment
- Raw material on site will be placed on hold
- Subsequent deliveries following the find will have extra barriers implemented

COMMUNICATION

All growers, finding and reporting to be communicated to OneHarvest

RISK MANAGEMENT PROTOCOL FOR RODENT MONITORING

DELIVERING QUALITY FRESH PRODUCE FOR CONSUMERS FROM FARM TO FACTORY

3 TIMES PER WEEK CHECK ✓ SIGHT ✓ RECORD ✓ REPORT

IF RODENTS ARE SIGHTED OR CAUGHT 5 ESSENTIAL STEPS

- INCREASE CHECKS OF TRAPS DAILY**
- SLOW DOWN THE SPEED OF THE HARVESTER**
- HAVE SCOUTS WITH BEATERS WALKING IN FRONT OF THE HARVESTER**
- ADD SPOTTERS TO THE HARVEST PROCESS**
- COMPLETE RIGOROUS PRE-DESPATCH SORTING OF RAW MATERIAL FOR FOREIGN BODIES**

REPORTING

Under the OneHarvest GAP Standard Rodent Protocol, all growers must have a rodent monitoring system.

OneHarvest also suggests growers:

- Ensure correct positioning of an adequate number of traps for the size of the farm/covering area, located around the perimeter of the farm as well as in the middle of blocks
- Provide us with a map of the layout/number of traps
- Check their traps three times a week and record findings (catches) - increase if high activity
- Report and report to us any sightings and catches as they occur
- Ensure harvester modifications are in place and being utilised for all harvesting
- Inform OneHarvest of high risk



QLD Based Growers – April to October



Our Value Streams



Household Penetration Leafy Salads

87.6%

Average Occasions

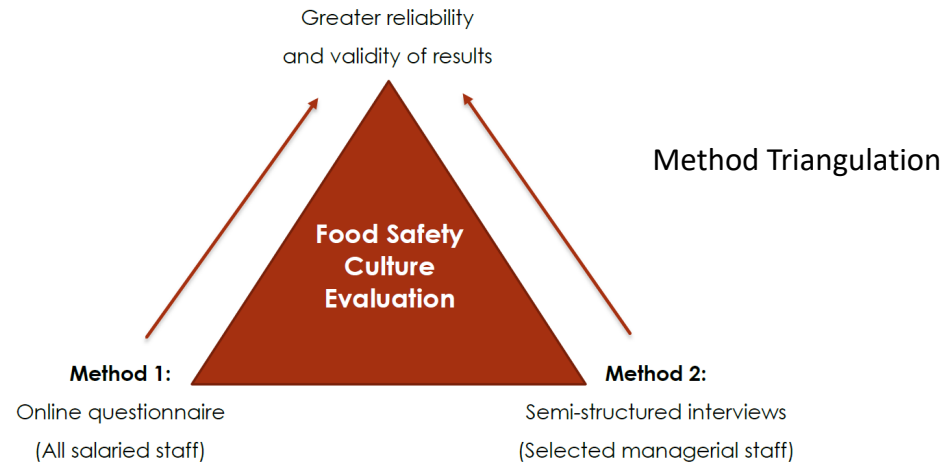
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Food Safety Culture Measurement



CULTIVATE



Survey access in lunch rooms

Interns: Nicole Goh (2020)

Monique Hard (2019)





One **HARVEST**

THANKYOU

